Introduction

It is with great pleasure that we present the second volume of our collection of responsa. Whereas the first volume discussed the laws of *Shomrim* and *Poalim*, this volume deals exclusively with the laws of inheritance and lost objects.

The English section of this volume differs from the English section in the previous volume. In the first volume, the English section consisted of synopses of the full-length Hebrew articles. In this volume, the English section is composed of three original articles, all discussing the laws of inheritance.

The first article, by Rabbi Y. Perlman, provides an overview of the laws of inheritance. The second article, by Rabbi Y. Hul, deals with the concept of a *shtar chatsey zochor*. The purpose of a *shtar chatsey zochor* is to allow an individual to bequeath a portion of his assets to his daughters. It still is the least controversial method of bequeathing one’s assets to his daughters. The final article, by Rabbi Grossman, discusses the right of the first-born to receive a double portion of the father’s estate. The article also explores the way the law applies to several modern financial tools.

The avowed goal of the Jerusalem Institute for Dayanim is to produce highly qualified dayanim who will assist Jews throughout the world with their business issues. This compendium is entirely consistent with this goal. It provides an in-depth discussion about many practical issues that
pertain to two practical topics in Choshen Mishpot, inheritance and lost objects. At the same time, the students obtained experience researching and writing the articles. This is a crucial part of a student’s training to become a dayan, because a dayan must be able to research a topic thoroughly and write clear, logical opinions.

This volume would not have been possible without the assistance of several individuals. We would like to take this opportunity to thank Rabbi Y.M. Neilinger for his uncompromising efforts to ensure the high quality of all the articles. He read every word of the Hebrew section, commented, suggested, and corrected. Our appreciation is also extended to Rabbi H. Greineman for reading through the entire Hebrew section in his role as line editor. We also thank Rabbi Y. Hul for transcribing Rabbi Perlman’s article, which is based on a lecture. Finally, we wish to thank the authors for their time and effort in crafting these high quality articles.

As the largest advanced Choshen Mishpot institution in the world, the Jerusalem Institute for Dayanim receives many inquiries from around the globe. We can receive emails at kcm@netvision.net.il. Of course, we cannot render din torah decisions on the basis of one side’s account. Still, we can offer guidance, advice, and answer shailos. We welcome your questions and comments.

shvat, 5765
Jerusalem